

HUGE FOOD STORES IN UKRAINE FOR THE WORLD



GREAT SUPPLIES AWAITING LIFTING OF THE BLOCKADE

Ukraine Has 200,000 Tons of Sugar, 20,000,000 Bushels Wheat, and Other Stores

Baltic Ports Frozen, and No Exchange Possible Till the Spring

Washington, Jan. 21.—Four hundred million pounds of sugar, twenty million bushels of wheat, and large quantities of hides and other materials, stored in the Ukraine, will be made available for the market of the world when the general blockade of Russia is lifted, according to an announcement made to-day by the Ukrainian mission in America.

Ukraine needs medicines, surgical goods, cloth, clothing, shoes and agricultural machinery, according to the mission, which said the lack of medicines and clothing alone had reduced to misery great areas of the Ukraine. It was added that the receipt of needed supplies would greatly assist the Ukrainians in fighting the Bolsheviks.

NO EXCHANGE TILL SPRING.

Stockholm, Jan. 21.—Announcement from Kiev of the reopening of commercial relations between Allied countries and the Russian people came as a great surprise to Sweden.

All the Russian Baltic ports are now frozen, the exchange of goods must wait till May or June.

It is the general opinion here that before trade goes on very long Russia will be called upon to pay for stocks of valuable goods which the Soviet Government confiscated two years ago, and for which payment was vainly demanded before Allied countries severed diplomatic relations with the Bolsheviks.

50c A BARREL DROP IN FLOUR

Minneapolis, Jan. 20.—Flour dropped fifty cents a barrel in the local market to-day. Standard flour is 36c, cotton-seed sold at \$14.25 a barrel. The general market decline in wheat was given as the reason for the drop.

IRISH POLICE WIN ONE FIGHT

Kilrush, Ireland, Jan. 20.—An encounter occurred near here yesterday in which a man supposed to be a Dublin Police man, was killed. While police were removing their belongings from a village of Co. Clare to Knock in a motor van, they were fired on by a large party from both sides of the road. Co. Clare policemen returned the fire, killing one of the attacking party, who were brought to Kilrush. The body of the man killed had been removed to the village by the current. The policemen escaped injury.

MARTIAL LAW IS INVOKED IN PRINCIPAL ITALIAN CITIES

Government Takes Stern Measures as Result of Railway Strike.

(A. P. Special Cable.)

Rome, Jan. 21.—Northern and Central Italy are in the grip of a general railway strike, but Southern Italy is not so seriously affected, according to a cable from the Government of the Papal States.

The Italian Government was able to run a few trains over the Piedmont lines yesterday, the trains being heavily guarded by troops armed with machine guns.

Martial law is enforced in the principal cities of the country, the streets of which are patrolled by military and under the guns of artillery units.

It is said that stores, theatres and all lines of business are ordered to close at 6 o'clock in the evening, and everywhere is forbidden to use automobiles or bicycles.

Police authorities have ordered the magistrates of all automobiles equipped, to prevent the strikers using the machines.

Relative calm prevailed yesterday, there being few acts of sabotage. The only disorders are reported from Genoa, where shots were fired at a train.

Keller's Imported Scotch Marmalade

In four-pound tins, at one dollar and twenty-five cents. Many kinds of canned fruit, in medium and large cans. Wagonettes and glassware jars and bottles in glass jars and in four-pound tins. A limited quantity of Australian jam in two-pound tins. Huntley & Palmer's biscuits, Jacob's chocolate, and other goods in endless variety.—A. G. Bain & Co.

GEN. OBREGON RAISES REVOLT

(Canadian Press Wire.)

San Antonio, Tex., Jan. 21.—Rumors are current in Mexico City that General Obregon has raised a revolt against the Carranza Government, according to a dispatch from Mexico City received yesterday by a Mexican newspaper published here.

San Antonio, Tex., Jan. 21.—Rumors are current in Mexico City that General Obregon has raised a revolt against the Carranza Government, according to a dispatch from Mexico City received yesterday by a Mexican newspaper published here.

LITIGATION OR LEGISLATION

Hydro User Consults His Lawyer On Subject.

Advised That Commission Cannot Be Sued.

Hydro Electric service in Hamilton has become so hot of late that a number of users are seriously considering what steps they can take to get redress. The head of a business concern in Hamilton yesterday consulted his lawyer on the subject. What he asked of the man learned in the law was: Can I bring action against the Hydro Commission for damages or will I have to go to the Legislature?

This man told his lawyer that for days past, his men had been standing around sometimes for hours at a time doing nothing, while their wages were piling up to their full capacity. To make matters worse yesterday not a wheel could be turned and that was when he began to think of his legal rights.

The advice which the lawyer gave to him was to "go back to your office and read your contract with the Hydro. Of course the contract protects the Commission against any such contingency. If it were not so the Commission could not do business at all," he added.

That set the unfortunate Hydro user thinking on another line, and he told his lawyer: "Sir Adam Beck is not in the Government now and the Legislature may not be quite as favorable to the unlimited powers of the Hydro as in former years."

The incident convinced the lawyer in question that a change is coming over the minds of the people, for the man in question was one of the great Hydro boomers ever, up to a short time ago.

SOCIALISTS OUSTED FROM NEW YORK ASSEMBLY AND THEIR COUNSEL.

The picture shows four of the five socialist Assemblymen temporarily suspended from the New York State Assembly, pending trial on charges of interest or work "unfriendly" to the best interests of the State; with their chief counsel, Sir Adam Beck. Left to right: Assemblymen Louis Waldman and Charles Solomon, Morris Hillquit, chief counsel, and Assemblymen Samuel Orr and August Ciesinski.

CREAMERY DEAL WAS SUSTAINED BY THE COURT

Augustus Weinert Must Pay Albert Garber His Full Claim.

GOLDBERG ACCIDENT

Action Against Auto Insurance Company Was Heard Yesterday.

Judgment for the whole amount of his claim, \$1,287.50 and costs and with interest at five per cent. from February 4, 1915, was given Albert Garber in Winter Assizes yesterday in his action against Augustus Weinert, P. P. Treloar, of the Plaintiff, Julius Taylor for the defendant.

The counter claim for \$400, put in by Weinert, was dismissed with costs.

The action was over the sale of creamery business and produce house at Dundalk, owned by Garber. Weinert bought the business and then claimed that he did not get what he thought he was buying.

Justice Kelly, in summing up the case, said that the defendant was a man used to the sale of business he bought, so he knew what he was doing. The plaintiff had not had anything to do when they sold the business. They had strong corroborative evidence. No special number of but-ter boxes, etc., had been mentioned in the sale.

The second case to be heard was David Goldberg vs. British Empire Underwriters. Goldberg's car was damaged when it hit a telephone pole when it skidded off the highway and he himself suffered a broken shoulder, which caused him to go to the hospital for sixteen days. The car was insured by the defendant company. A man, named Andrew Carnegie, was riding with Goldberg, suffered a broken leg. The car was damaged to the extent of a broken windshield, smashed tire, top taken off and the front completely ruined.

The automobile was a six-cylinder, 1918 model, which was purchased about two months before the smash, which occurred on September 19th. The car and extras had cost \$2,045.

Goldberg's claim was for \$3,000, for injuries done to his car. Under cross-examination he admitted that, for some time before the accident, he had not known whether his car had hit the pole or not. He thought it had been skidded right or ten miles or so.

Andrew Carnegie said that he thought the car was going about 15 or 20 miles an hour when it hit the pole.

Witness Johnson, who was called to the scene of the accident with the service car, said that the car was on all four wheels on the ground when he arrived.

William Prender corroborated Johnson's statement.

Russell Thompson, manager of the Reg Sales Company, said that he had examined the damaged car and had estimated that new parts for the car would cost \$200 or \$300 more than that, a car was severely strained in the accident.

For settlement he offered \$500, for settlement would be about \$500.

Adj. of the British Empire Company, Robert March, said that he was 65 feet from the point where the car had hit the concrete and he had estimated that new parts for the car would cost \$200 or \$300 more than that, a car was severely strained in the accident.

For settlement he offered \$500, for settlement would be about \$500.

Adj. of the British Empire Company, Robert March, said that he was 65 feet from the point where the car had hit the concrete and he had estimated that new parts for the car would cost \$200 or \$300 more than that, a car was severely strained in the accident.

For settlement he offered \$500, for settlement would be about \$500.

200,000 Allied Troops to Oppose Reds in Caucasus

(A. P. Special Cable.)

London, Jan. 21.—A dispatch to the Central News from Paris says that the forces the Supreme Council will send to oppose the Bolsheviks in the Caucasus are expected to number 200,000.

The correspondent adds it is reported that there is a serious Communist uprising in Bessarabia, and there are disturbances in Sofia.

BULGARIA IN BAD SHAPE.

Vladivostok, Jan. 21.—Direct telegraphic communication has been established between Soviet Russia and the Bulgarian Bolsheviks. It is said in advices from Agria. In many communities in Bulgaria the Bolsheviks have already declared themselves independent of the Government.

Outbreaks are a daily occurrence throughout the country, according to Sofia dispatches, and attacks on King Boris and the Royal family are feared.

GET TREASURE OF LUSITANIA

(A. P. Special Cable.)

London, Jan. 21.—Efforts to raise some of the treasure from the ill-fated Lusitania will be made early this year. Engineers and divers who have been prospecting about the sunken vessel believe that they can at least get some of the thousands of pounds' worth of valuables from the ship's cargo, but it will be impossible, according to experts, to raise the steamer or any of her cargo, owing to the great depth of the water in which she is lying.

CELEBRITIES APPEAL

Mayor Booker and Stanley Mills Co. Entertain.

That the concert of sweet sounds has an appeal even for such a busy person as Mayor Booker is apparent in the fact that he will be host of a box party at Low's on Monday, Jan. 25, when Mrs. Dorre and her cabinet open their engagement at that theatre. It is rumored that his wife, Stanley Mills & Co. will also be present, and will make the city famous and staff, to a number of 250, to a box party at Low's on next Tuesday evening, Jan. 27.

KOENIGSPLATZ HORSE MARKET

(A. P. Special Cable.)

Berlin, Tuesday, Jan. 20.—Historic Koenigsplatz was today converted into a horse market. The market will be conducted by the City of Berlin, in pursuance to the provision of the Versailles treaty, which calls for deliveries of horses to France and Belgium.

WHISKEY TO SOAR

Going Up \$2.50 Per Case, Montreal Hears.

Montreal, Jan. 20.—Owing to a shortage in supplies of Canadian whiskey and to the fact that some has been manufactured since 1914, the price of the beverage is expected to rise \$2.50 per case, or twelve percent. Local exporters of Canadian whiskey were notified of this by Ontario distillers. Exporters in Montreal are having the greatest difficulty in filling their orders, and some are even refusing to accept any more from the "dry ones" in Ontario. The increase in price of Canadian whiskey will make the price for the ordinary grades to the consumer about \$15 per case and \$5 per gallon.

TYPHOID RAGES OVER UKRAINE

(A. P. Special Cable.)

Prague, Jan. 21.—Typhoid fever in epidemic form is spreading throughout Ukraine, according to a dispatch from Czernowitz. From other sources it is reported that 20,000 persons are ill with the disease in the Government of Quarant.

KEEP WARM

Begg & Co. Help by Their One-fifth Off Sale.

In the light of best information we can procure, all lines of wearing apparel will be advancing still further. In fact, we have already bought much merchandise for next season at advanced prices of from 20 to 30 per cent. on cost prices of our present stock.

In the face of this information the fact is we are giving a straight one-fifth off on all winter overcoats, winter trouses, winter underwear, caps, gloves, sweaters, and winter scarves, overcoats, jerseys, underwear, boys' and girls' coats, and all such winter wear for boys at a straight one-fifth off. Come now and save money at the Begg & Co. store, James Street North.

An architect remarked to a lady that he had been to see the great new in the new church. "That's not my name," the lady replied. "I know the man you refer to."—Houston Post.

MARYLAND SHIVERS

Every River in the State is Frozen Over.

(Canadian Press Wire.)

Baltimore, Md., Jan. 21.—Every river in Maryland is frozen over, and the Chesapeake Bay is filled with floating ice, impeding navigation. The regular bay lines between Baltimore and Norfolk and York River have changed their schedules from night to day, temporarily, because of the dangerous ice conditions. Scores of the big oyster fleet have been seriously delayed. Scores of oyster craft are icebound.

NO OUTSIDERS IN S. RENFREW

Renfrew, Ont., Jan. 20.—A veritable bomb was dropped into the P. O. convention at Esplanville this afternoon, when A. T. Bradwin, editor of the Amperior Watchman, announced that he had received the following telegram from Premier Drury:

"Would be pleased to have you bring the matter before convention as you suggest."

This, Mr. Bradwin explained, meant that if John Caray, M. P. P., would resign, Premier Drury would be pleased to accept the nomination for South Renfrew. Although not taken by surprise, the convention quickly let it be known that Premier Drury would not be a person graced in South Renfrew, nor would Hon. Mr. Doherty, Minister of Agriculture.

NO TOBACCO LIKE IT

There is no need of experimenting with ordinary tobacco, when you get extra special smoking mixture and you get complete satisfaction. The large one is sold for one dollar at people's cigar store, 95 James street north.

MAY SUCCEED JUDGE BRITTON

From left to right: J. C. Orde, C.K., of Ottawa; Hon. T. W. Crothers, S.E. Thomas, Ont. and F. H. Chrysler, of C.K. O.L.A., whose names are mentioned in connection with the vacancy on the Ontario bench, caused by the resignation of Judge Britton.

PLAYERS
NAVY CUT
CIGARETTES

Beautifully cool and sweet smoking.

18¢ per package - two for 35¢

The consistent high quality of PLAYERS has made them the biggest selling cigarettes in the world

SEATS HAVE BEEN FOUND FOR DRURY AND DOHERTY

Premier Will Run in Halton, Minister of Agriculture in E. Kent--Voting Feb. 16

A Seat, Still Secret, Found For Raney, With the Election to Come Later

Toronto, Jan. 21.—Premier Drury is to seek election in Halton, and Hon. Manning Roberts, Minister of Agriculture, is to contest East Kent. Nominations are to take place on Monday, February 9, and voting, if opposition develops, will be on February 16. While a seat has been found for Hon. W. E. Raney, Attorney-General, the third minister yet a member of the Legislature, its whereabouts is being kept a secret, but his election will be about a week after the other two.

TO CONCENTRATE ON RANNEY.
Official announcement to this effect was made last night by Hon. R. H. Grant, Minister of Education, and member of the committee of the U. F. O. which was charged with placing the seat. Mr. Grant said: "It is that it is said Mr. Raney will be opposed, and we want to have the others over as he, to be able to concentrate and get him elected. If the election of Mr. Drury and Mr. Doherty will strengthen Mr. Raney, we want him to have it, as there is no much objection reported to him."

THE OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.
The official announcement which Mr. Grant handed out last night following a meeting of the Cabinet in the afternoon follows:
"While the election in the ridings of Halton and East Kent will be held on the 9th day of February, and elections one week following. It is the intention of the Premier to offer himself as a candidate in Halton, and the Minister of Agriculture will be a candidate in East Kent. In the course of a few days a third riding will be offered to enable the Attorney-General to enter the Legislature. Mr. Raney's election will take place shortly after the two above mentioned. There are no elections incidental to the formation of the Government, which took office on the 16th of November last, six of the Ministers having already been elected by acclamation."

TWO SEATS OFFERED.
"In completing the organization in the democratic way, the Government has sought to avoid undue delay as well as undue haste. First of all, the choice of Mr. Drury as a candidate was submitted to the Provincial Convention of the U. F. O. on December 13th, when it received formal ratification and approval. This ratification was followed immediately by a

discussing the announcement. I am now able to explain my part in the matter, which has been well understood and misinterpreted. A committee of the Ministers was appointed to deal with the matter, and to that committee my name was added, without consulting me, because of my wide acquaintance with the supporters of the U. F. O. in the country. I have gone over the field and found that the committee directed. That is all. It is quite wrong to suggest that the country has been under the rule of our association. It has been under the rule of the elected representatives of the people, who chose Mr. Drury as leader and Prime Minister.

"I have been asked because we wished to secure the voice of the people rather than follow the old plan of executive domination. The press has indeed impudently oversteered the ball, but we must not forget that the democratic principle, established at the beginning of the election, remains that the people shall decide, counts more than the adverse criticism that we have received."

If Sleeplessness Is Your Trouble Read This

Sleeplessness is a warning of forces at work within the body—all is not well. It is a warning of disease. Nine times out of ten the body is loaded with the poisons of half-digested food and half-digested food, which irritates, sleeplessness, depression and nervousness.

No prescription ever formulated produces the rapid results of Dr. H. A. Doherty's Pills.

They flush every impurity from the body, keep every organ working well, remove the evil effect of sleeplessness, and set you up in a few days.

Dr. H. A. Doherty's Pills, taken as directed, will give you a new feeling of well-being, and a new feeling of health.

It is because Dr. Hamilton's Pills make each organ do the work Nature meant for it, because it cures sleeplessness, depression and nervousness.

Isn't there a reason why you should use Dr. Hamilton's Pills? Sold in the boxes by all druggists.

I AM THE ENEMY OF MANKIND.
I have destroyed more lives than all the wars of the world. I have killed more than a billion dollars' worth of money.

NOT A VICTORY FOR SINN FEIN

Did Not Gain Majority in Southern Ireland.

And Unionists Failed in the North.

LONDON, Jan. 20.—While the Sinn Féin is celebrating what it calls a victory in the Irish municipal elections, official circles in London find the election returns an element which makes the prospect of a further Sinn Féin triumph under the proposed Home Rule bill. This element is said to lie in the fact that the Sinn Féin showed neither southern Ireland to be solid Sinn Féin, nor the north to be solid Unionist.

Nothing in the Sinn Féin's North Unionist vote has been gained, a majority of the total vote in their

respective strongholds. Therefore it is claimed that since the elections are held there is much more chance for them to come together quickly under one Parliament, as proposed by Premier Lloyd George in his recent speech in the House of Commons.

While there are a few districts still to be heard from, it would appear from available figures that the Sinn Féin has captured approximately 21 per cent. of the seats and the Unionist party 29 per cent., while Labour came strong to the front with 17 per cent., and the Nationalists have again come to life and won 14 per cent. The other seats are scattered among independent and reformers.

This is the first time that the voice of all the people of Ireland has been heard in elections, which was made possible by the new proportional representation measure. In the last general election the Sinn Féin captured 23 of the 167 Parliamentary seats, thereby virtually sweeping the country.

The Daily News says editorially: "In these municipal elections, not only has Labour scored many victories, but Nationalism has once more recovered itself as a formidable political force, in part, that the

should doubt to real reaction against the Sinn Féin, and in so far as that is the case, it is welcome evidence that the body of moderate opinion is growing up again, to which an appeal can hopefully be made to join in the work of securing Irish self-government on a sound basis without violence and without impracticable fanaticism."

There has been some newspaper talk about the Sinn Féin and Labour combining in Ireland against the Home Rule bill. Irrespective of whether this might happen and there is a wide divergence of opinion on the subject it is interesting to note that Labour and the Sinn Féin together control just a shade under half the municipal seats of the country, having the figures on the available returns for the present elections. The Unionists and all other local bodies, the Sinn Féin and Labour together, are an unbroken minority and it is hard to see how they can win Home Rule.

What the fellow who spends his money lavishly in always praising the Sinn Féin, well, it is quite natural that he should be cracked up as a Sinn Féin man.

Now the engineer has come to the rescue of the gas meter and proposes to put it on a plane so high and so unobtainable that hereafter the tickling instrument will be coupled with the automatic scale of the cash register for downright honesty. The engineers, after experiments and investigations, assert that they have perfected a meter which will register only the heat units going through the meter. Then when the gas flows, it chokes and splutters and the wheels of the meter will turn, and the cash register will be set going. It is a gas meter which will not record the gas that goes through the pipes, but only the heat units that go through the meter.

If the gas stove gets the water boiling twice as fast as before, or if the gas log gets the rooms up to a high temperature, the meter will use that real gas, something that will burn and leave the heat behind, it being the heat that you will know that you are paying for something that is being delivered. It is a gas meter which will not record the gas that goes through the pipes, but only the heat units that go through the meter.

First tests of the new meter at the gas works in England have been successful. The English Research Board of England has given its aid to the investigating engineers of that country. The gas meter is a gas meter which will not record the gas that goes through the pipes, but only the heat units that go through the meter.

The English Research Board of England has given its aid to the investigating engineers of that country. The gas meter is a gas meter which will not record the gas that goes through the pipes, but only the heat units that go through the meter.

It is a gas meter which will not record the gas that goes through the pipes, but only the heat units that go through the meter. The gas meter is a gas meter which will not record the gas that goes through the pipes, but only the heat units that go through the meter.

It is a gas meter which will not record the gas that goes through the pipes, but only the heat units that go through the meter. The gas meter is a gas meter which will not record the gas that goes through the pipes, but only the heat units that go through the meter.

It is a gas meter which will not record the gas that goes through the pipes, but only the heat units that go through the meter. The gas meter is a gas meter which will not record the gas that goes through the pipes, but only the heat units that go through the meter.

It is a gas meter which will not record the gas that goes through the pipes, but only the heat units that go through the meter. The gas meter is a gas meter which will not record the gas that goes through the pipes, but only the heat units that go through the meter.

It is a gas meter which will not record the gas that goes through the pipes, but only the heat units that go through the meter. The gas meter is a gas meter which will not record the gas that goes through the pipes, but only the heat units that go through the meter.

Recollections of the Old Survey Days

During the summer of 1881, we were logging and running trail line for the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway along Nottawasaga Lake and down the Nottawasaga River to Nottawasaga Lake.

At that time it was but one of the many of the old days, when we were logging and running trail line for the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway along Nottawasaga Lake and down the Nottawasaga River to Nottawasaga Lake.

At that time it was but one of the many of the old days, when we were logging and running trail line for the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway along Nottawasaga Lake and down the Nottawasaga River to Nottawasaga Lake.

At that time it was but one of the many of the old days, when we were logging and running trail line for the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway along Nottawasaga Lake and down the Nottawasaga River to Nottawasaga Lake.

At that time it was but one of the many of the old days, when we were logging and running trail line for the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway along Nottawasaga Lake and down the Nottawasaga River to Nottawasaga Lake.

At that time it was but one of the many of the old days, when we were logging and running trail line for the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway along Nottawasaga Lake and down the Nottawasaga River to Nottawasaga Lake.

At that time it was but one of the many of the old days, when we were logging and running trail line for the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway along Nottawasaga Lake and down the Nottawasaga River to Nottawasaga Lake.

At that time it was but one of the many of the old days, when we were logging and running trail line for the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway along Nottawasaga Lake and down the Nottawasaga River to Nottawasaga Lake.

At that time it was but one of the many of the old days, when we were logging and running trail line for the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway along Nottawasaga Lake and down the Nottawasaga River to Nottawasaga Lake.

At that time it was but one of the many of the old days, when we were logging and running trail line for the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway along Nottawasaga Lake and down the Nottawasaga River to Nottawasaga Lake.

At that time it was but one of the many of the old days, when we were logging and running trail line for the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway along Nottawasaga Lake and down the Nottawasaga River to Nottawasaga Lake.

At that time it was but one of the many of the old days, when we were logging and running trail line for the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway along Nottawasaga Lake and down the Nottawasaga River to Nottawasaga Lake.

At that time it was but one of the many of the old days, when we were logging and running trail line for the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway along Nottawasaga Lake and down the Nottawasaga River to Nottawasaga Lake.

At that time it was but one of the many of the old days, when we were logging and running trail line for the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway along Nottawasaga Lake and down the Nottawasaga River to Nottawasaga Lake.

At that time it was but one of the many of the old days, when we were logging and running trail line for the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway along Nottawasaga Lake and down the Nottawasaga River to Nottawasaga Lake.

At that time it was but one of the many of the old days, when we were logging and running trail line for the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway along Nottawasaga Lake and down the Nottawasaga River to Nottawasaga Lake.

At that time it was but one of the many of the old days, when we were logging and running trail line for the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway along Nottawasaga Lake and down the Nottawasaga River to Nottawasaga Lake.

At that time it was but one of the many of the old days, when we were logging and running trail line for the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway along Nottawasaga Lake and down the Nottawasaga River to Nottawasaga Lake.

At that time it was but one of the many of the old days, when we were logging and running trail line for the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway along Nottawasaga Lake and down the Nottawasaga River to Nottawasaga Lake.

At that time it was but one of the many of the old days, when we were logging and running trail line for the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway along Nottawasaga Lake and down the Nottawasaga River to Nottawasaga Lake.

At that time it was but one of the many of the old days, when we were logging and running trail line for the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway along Nottawasaga Lake and down the Nottawasaga River to Nottawasaga Lake.

bull in a china shop is worth two in the stock market.